Automating Tests With LAVA and BATS

Unit and Integration Testing to avoid Regressions



Who we are



Diogo Mattioli Software Engineer https://linkedin.com/in/diogomattioli





Lukas Rabener
Software Architect and Developer
https://de.linkedin.com/in/lukas-rabener-1ab090193





Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. LAVA
- 3. Testing without a testing framework
- 4. BATS framework
- 5. BATS and LAVA integration
- 6. Running tests outside the pipeline
- 7. Integration testing
- 8. Unit testing + Refactoring scripts



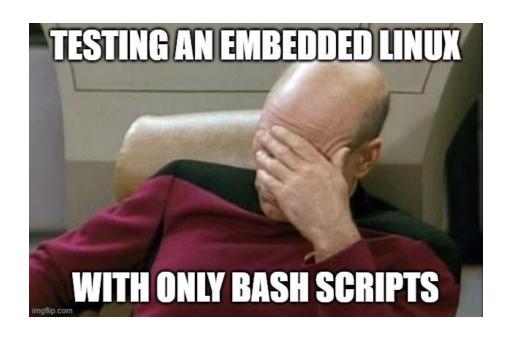


Introduction

How to make test automation easy and scalable on embedded Linux?

We want:

- simple & clear test structure
- support unit & integration tests in bash
- automated in CI/CD and available during development running the same commands
- running virtualized or on hardware





LAVA

- We use LAVA to deploy onto physical and virtual hardware
- But what about the Tests itself?

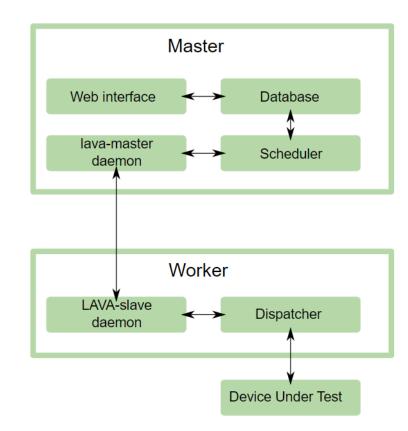
-> LAVA is not a Test Framework

What is LAVA?

- . LAVA is the Linaro Automation and Validation Architecture.
- LAVA is a continuous integration system for deploying operating systems onto physical and virtual hardware for running tests. Tests can be simple boot testing, bootloader testing and system level testing, although extra hardware may be required for some system tests. Results are tracked over time and data can be exported for further analysis.

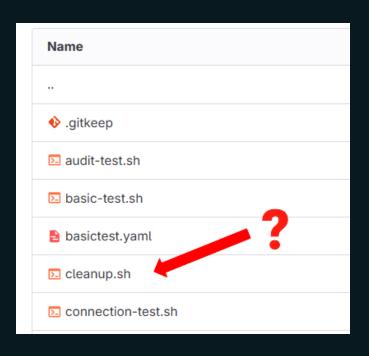
What is LAVA not?

LAVA is not a set of tests - it is infrastructure to enable users to run their own tests. LAVA concentrates on providing a
range of deployment methods and a range of boot methods. Once the login is complete, the test consists of whatever
scripts the test writer chooses to execute in that environment.



The Problem

Testing without a testing framework creates to much Boilerplate



```
# Check if the service is running
if sudo systemctl is-active --quiet $service_name.service; then
    # Check if the service is listening on the given port
    if sudo ss -ltnp | grep ":$port" | grep -qi "$service_name"; then
        echo "$service_name is running and listening on port $port."
        lava-test-case $service_testid-check-$service_name-listening-port$port --result pass
    else
        echo "$service_name is running but not listening on port $port."
        lava-test-case $service_testid-check-$service_name-listening-port$port --result fail
        teststatus=1
    fi
else
    echo "$service_name is not running."
    lava-test-case $service_testid-check-$service_name-listening-port$port --result fail
    teststatus=1
fi
fi
else
```



The Solution

We need a bash testing framework emitting signals which Lava can understand

→ Bats-core: Bash Automated Testing System

References:

- https://github.com/bats-core/bats-core
- https://events19.linuxfoundation.org/Teaching-your-Test-Framework-to-Speak-LAVA

<LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTSET_START_nginx/nginx.bats> Received signal: <TESTSET> START nginx/nginx.bats Starting test_set nginx/nginx.bats <LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTCASE TEST_CASE_ID=nginx_service_is_running RESULT=pass> Received signal: <TESTCASE> TEST CASE ID=nginx service is running RESULT=pass case: nginx service is running definition: 0 bats-core-test endtc: 1569 set: nginx/nginx.bats <LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=nginx service is enabled RESULT=pass> Received signal: <TESTCASE> TEST CASE ID=nginx service is enabled RESULT=pass case: nginx_service_is_enabled definition: 0 bats-core-test result: pass set: nginx/nginx.bats starttc: 1572 <LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTCASE TEST_CASE_ID=nginx_is_running_and_listening_on_port_80_http RESULT=pass> Received signal: <TESTCASE> TEST_CASE_ID=nginx_is_running_and_listening_on_port_80_http RESULT=pass case: nginx is running and listening on port 80 http definition: 0 bats-core-test endtc: 1575 set: nginx/nginx.bats starttc: 1575



Name ‡†	Test Set It	Result I1
nginx_service_is_running	nginx/nginx.bats	✓ pass
nginx_service_is_enabled	nginx/nginx.bats	✓ pass
nginx_is_running_and_listening_on_port_80_http	nginx/nginx.bats	✓ pass



BATS Framework

Bash Automated Testing System

- TAP (Test Anything Protocol)
- Setup and Teardown
- Tracing
- Verbosity
- RUN helper

```
#!/usr/bin/env bats
setup file() {
    echo "executed BEFORE all the tests in this file"
teardown file() {
    echo "executed AFTER all the tests in this file"
setup() {
    echo "executed BEFORE every single test in this file"
teardown() {
    echo "executed AFTER every single test in this file"
@test "Test that checks if file exists with RUN" {
    run ls /var/mutable-data
    [[ "$status" -eq 0 && "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]
@test "Test that checks if file exists with RUN expecting status code 0" {
    run -0 ls /var/mutable-data
    [[ "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]
@test "Test that checks if file exists without RUN" {
    ls /var/mutable-data/myfile
```

BATS Framework

```
# bats dummy.bats
dummy.bats

√ Test case that checks if file exists with RUN

√ Test case that checks if file exists with RUN expecting status code 0

√ Test case that checks if file exists without RUN

3 tests, 0 failures
```

```
# bats dummy.bats
dummy.bats
X Test case that checks if file exists with RUN
   (in test file dummy.bats, line 16)
    `[[ "$status" -eq 0 && "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]' failed
  executed BEFORE every single test in this file
  executed AFTER every single test in this file
X Test case that checks if file exists with RUN expecting status code 0
   (in test file dummy.bats, line 20)
    `[[ "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]' failed
  executed BEFORE every single test in this file
  executed AFTER every single test in this file
 X Test case that checks if file exists without RUN
  (in test file dummy.bats, line 23)
    `ls /var/mutable-data/myfile' failed with status 2
  executed BEFORE every single test in this file
  ls: cannot access '/var/mutable-data/myfile': No such file or directory
  executed AFTER every single test in this file
3 tests, 3 failures
```

BATS and LAVA integration

Test Anything Protocol https://testanything.org/

"A simple text-based interface between testing modules in a test harness.

It decouples the reporting of errors from the presentation of the reports."

```
#!/usr/bin/env bash
trap '' INT
source "/usr/lib/bats-core/formatter.bash"
bats tap stream ok() { # [<test index> <test name>
    printf "<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=%s RESULT=pass>\n" "${2// / }"
bats tap stream not ok() { # <test index> <test name>
    printf "<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=%s RESULT=fail>\n" "${2// / }"
bats tap stream skipped() { # <test index> <test name> <reason>
    printf "<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=%s RESULT=skip>\n" "${2// / }"
bats tap stream comment() { # <comment text without leading '# '>
   printf "# %s\n" "$1"
```



BATS and LAVA integration

```
# bats --formatter $(pwd)/tap-lava dummy.bats
<LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTCASE TEST_CASE_ID=Test_case_that_checks_if_file_exists_with_RUN RESULT=pass>
<LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTCASE TEST_CASE_ID=Test_case_that_checks_if_file_exists_with_RUN_expecting_status_code_0 RESULT=pass>
<LAVA_SIGNAL_TESTCASE TEST_CASE_ID=Test_case_that_checks_if_file_exists_without_RUN RESULT=pass>
```

```
# bats --formatter $(pwd)/tap-lava dummy.bats
<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=Test case that checks if file exists with RUN RESULT=fail>
# (in test file dummy.bats, line 16)
# `[[ "$status" -eq 0 && "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]' failed
# executed BEFORE every single test in this file
# executed AFTER every single test in this file
<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=Test case that checks if file exists with RUN expecting status code 0 RESULT=fail>
# (in test file dummy.bats, line 20)
# `[[ "$output" == *"myfile"* ]]' failed
# executed BEFORE every single test in this file
# executed AFTER every single test in this file
<LAVA SIGNAL TESTCASE TEST CASE ID=Test case that checks if file exists without RUN RESULT=fail>
# (in test file dummy.bats, line 23)
 `ls /var/mutable-data/myfile' failed with status 2
# executed BEFORE every single test in this file
# ls: cannot access '/var/mutable-data/myfile': No such file or directory
# executed AFTER every single test in this file
```



Running tests outside the pipeline

- before:
 - tests cloned by Lava job & executed
- now:
 - including tests into rootfs
 - test recipe included in dev-image
- Enables Testing during development
 - → run tests with a single CMD
 - → qemu, VM or on hardware

```
329 tests, 0 failures, 1 skipped in 214 seconds

The following warnings were encountered during tests:
BW02: Using flags on run requires at least BRTS_VERSION
```

```
inherit dpkg-raw
DESCRIPTION = "Testing files"
DEBIAN DEPENDS += "bats, dnsutils, curl, sntp"
FILESEXTRAPATHS:prepend := "${TOPDIR}/../:"
SRC URI = " \
    file://tests/ \
do install[cleandirs] += "\
    ${D}/tests \
do install() {
    cp -rf ${WORKDIR}/tests/* ${D}/tests/
```



Integration testing (System testing)

- Verify that build was correct
- Check services
- Config change during runtime
- Disk tests
- Connectivity tests
- Hardware tests



Integration testing (System testing)

```
#!/usr/bin/env bats
@test "/ filesystem type is squashfs" {
    run -0 findmnt -no FSTYPE /
    [[ "${output}" == squashfs ]]
@test "/var filesystem type is ext4" {
    run -0 findmnt -no FSTYPE /var
    [[ "${output}" == ext4 ]]
@test "/var is writable" {
    run -0 mktemp -p /var
    run -0 rm -f $output
@test "/tmp is writable" {
    run -0 mktemp
    run -0 rm -f $output
@test "/etc is read only" {
    run ! mktemp -p /etc
```

```
#!/usr/bin/env bats
@test "file resolv.conf is present on the filesystem" {
    # in case there was a problem with the build
    [ -f /etc/resolv.conf ]
@test "file resolv.conf must not be empty" {
    # in case another process is overwriting it
    [ -s /etc/resolv.conf ]
@test "nameserver in resolv.conf for cloudflare ip address exists" {
    grep -g "nameserver 1.1.1.1" /etc/resolv.conf
@test "nameserver in resolv.conf for google dns ip address exists" {
    grep -q "nameserver 8.8.8.8" /etc/resolv.conf
@test "dns resolution for unprivileged user fails" {
    # 9: No reply from server
    run -9 dig www.google.com +time=1 +tries=1
```

Unit testing + Refactoring scripts

"Unit testing involves isolating units so that functionality can be confirmed before units are integrated with other parts of the application"

https://www.ibm.com/think/topics/unit-testing

- You decide what is a unit
- Refactor: separate the units in your scripts and test them individually



Unit testing + Refactoring scr #!/bin/bash

```
#!/bin/bash

# Simulated file operations
echo "Creating temporary files..."
touch temp_file_1.txt
touch temp_file_2.txt
echo "Files created."

# Simulated cleanup
echo "Cleaning up..."
rm temp_file_*.txt
echo "Cleanup complete."
```



```
readonly FILE 1 PATH="temp file 1.txt"
readonly FILE 2 PATH="temp file 2.txt"
create temporary files() {
    local dir=$1
    local file1=$2
    local file2=$3
    echo "Creating temporary files..."
    touch "${dir}/${file1}"
    touch "${dir}/${file2}"
    echo "Files created."
cleanup() {
    local dir=$1
    echo "Cleaning up..."
    rm "${dir}/*"
    echo "Cleanup complete."
main() {
    create temporary files "/tmp" ${FILE 1 PATH} ${FILE 2 PATH}
    cleanup "/tmp"
# Script Entry Point
if [[ "${BASH SOURCE[0]}" == "$0" ]]; then
    main
fi
```

```
#!/bin/bash
readonly FILE 1 PATH="temp file 1.txt"
readonly FILE 2 PATH="temp file 2.txt"
create temporary files() {
   local dir=$1
    local file1=$2
    local file2=$3
   echo "Creating temporary files..."
   touch "${dir}/${file1}"
    touch "${dir}/${file2}"
    echo "Files created."
cleanup() {
   local dir=$1
   echo "Cleaning up..."
   rm "${dir}/*"
   echo "Cleanup complete."
main() {
    create temporary files "/tmp" ${FILE 1 PATH} ${FILE 2 PATH}
    cleanup "/tmp"
# Script Entry Point
if [[ "${BASH SOURCE[0]}" == "$0" ]]; then
    main
fi
```

scripts



```
#!/usr/bin/env bats
source /path/to/script
setup() {
    dir=$(mktemp -d)
teardown() {
    rm -rf ${dir}
@test "temporary files were created" {
    run -0 create temporary files "${dir}" "test1" "test2"
    [ -f "/${dir}/test1" ]
    [ -f "/${dir}/test2" ]
@test "temporary files were cleaned up" {
    run -0 touch "${dir}/test1" "${dir}/test2"
    run -0 cleanup "${dir}"
    [ ! -f "/${dir}/test1" ]
    [ ! -f "/${dir}/test2" ]
```

Thank you!

Questions?